Fairhaven C.E V.A Primary School



Special Educational Needs Policy

Date agreed by Staff: 29th January 2024

Date Confirmed by Governors: 1st February 2024

Date for Review: Autumn 2024

Signed: RWhiles Date: 1st February 2024

(Chair of Governors)

Vision Statement

"Each person has their own special gift from God." 1 Corinthians 7.7

Our Christian school community strives to provide a variety of learning experiences for all our young people. We are here to nurture the gifts God gives us and to celebrate our differences. We encourage our pupils to explore their interests, find their talents, flourish and live life to the full. We want our children to live great lives and ultimately make a difference in the world.

Belief - Friendship - Diversity - Achievement

At Fairhaven we want everyone to be the very best they can be.

Statement of Intent

Fairhaven C of E V.A Primary values all pupils and celebrates diversity of experience, interest and achievement. We are a community of individuals with particular and diverse needs, who learn, develop and grow together. We have high aspiration for all our learners and want our pupils to achieve the best possible educational and levels of personal development.

Fairhaven Primary School believes that:

- All pupils have talents, and these should be celebrated and developed
- All pupils should feel respected and valued members of the school community
- All pupils are entitled to a broad and balanced curriculum and should learn alongside other pupils
- All pupils learn most effectively when they feel safe, and their emotional needs are being met
- Teachers are responsible for meeting the needs of their pupils through high quality / adaptive teaching
- Teachers should seek the views, wishes and feelings of the child and their parents/carers to build a picture of a child's individual learning needs
- Parents/carers have a vital role to play in supporting their child's education
- Every pupil should fulfil his/her potential.

This policy sets out how we plan for pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) to meet the above commitment. It sits alongside our School Inclusion Policy, which recognises the need for equal opportunities for all learners.

Legal Framework

This policy is based on relevant statutory and non-statutory legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- DfE (2015) Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years'
- Part 3 of the Children Act and Families Act 2014, which sets out schools' responsibilities for pupils with SEN and disabilities
- The **Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014**, which set out schools' responsibilities for education, health and care (EHC) plans, SEN coordinators (SENCOs) and the SEN information report
- The **Equality Act 2010** (section 20), which sets out the school's duties to make reasonable adjustments for pupils with disabilities and (section 149) which sets out the school's responsibilities to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation; and advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic (which includes having a disability) and those who don't share it
- The **School's Admissions Policy**, which sets out the school's obligation to admit all pupils whose education, health and care (EHC) plan names the school, and its duty not to disadvantage unfairly children with a disability or with special educational needs
- The UK General Data Protection Regulation
- DfE (2015) Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions
- DfE (2023) 'Keeping Children Safe in Education
- DfE (2018) Working together to Safeguard Children
- DfE (2018) Mental Health and Wellbeing Provision in Schools
- DfE (2020) Engagement Model Guidance
- Norfolk County Council (2021) **SEN Information Best Practice Guide**
- Norfolk County Council (2021) Provision at SEN Support PEaSS) Guidance

Definition of Special Educational Needs

In accordance with the SEND Code of Practice (2015) a pupil is defined as having SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which call for special education provision to be made for him or her, namely provision that is 'different from or additional to' that normally available to pupils of the same age.

A pupil has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability if they have:

- A significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or
- A disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools

Under the Equality Act 2010, a disability is a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

The school recognises that pupils who are disabled do not necessarily have SEN, however there is a significant overlap between these two groups and many pupils who are disabled may also be identified as requiring SEN provision.

Areas of Special Educational Need

At Fairhaven C of E Primary School, we make provision for pupils with the following four areas of need as outlined in the SEND Code of Practice:

Communication and interaction

- Pupils with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others, often because they have difficulty saying what they want, they cannot understand what is being said to them, or they do not understand or use social rules of communication.
- Pupils with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD), including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, can have particular difficulties with social interaction.

Cognition and learning

- Pupils with cognition and learning difficulties may require additional support to ac
 cess learning or learn at a slower pace than their peers. The speed at which they
 process information may be slower than other pupils. Learning difficulties cover a
 wide range of needs, such as moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning
 difficulties (SLD) and profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD).
- Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

Social, emotional and mental health difficulties

- Pupils may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties that manifest
 themselves in many ways, including becoming withdrawn or isolated, or displaying
 challenging, disruptive and disturbing behaviour. The school recognises that these
 behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or
 depression, and the school will support pupils with these difficulties.
- SEMH needs include a wide range of disorders including Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD) Attention Deficit Hyperactive Disorder (ADHD) and Attachment Disorder (AD).
- Events such as bullying, and bereavement can lead to wider mental health difficulties. Such events can impact on pupils' wellbeing and may lead to a pupil have SEN. Short term needs are met through the school's core offer of pastoral support.

Sensory and physical needs

 Pupils may experience sensory processing difficulties, hearing loss and/or visual impairment or physical difficulties. The important consideration in this area is the degree to which the difficulties impact on a child's or young person's ability to access educational opportunities.

Some pupils with a physical disability require ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.

The school recognises that some pupils have more than one area of need and that needs may change over time.

Identifying SEND

The school has a clear approach to identifying and responding to SEND. We recognise that early identification and effective provision improves long-term outcomes for the pupils. We follow the graduated approach outlined in the SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years. 2015 (Ref: DfES 00205-2013). Some children may join the Reception Year with a range of needs already identified and the professional process already started.

When determining if a pupil may require special educational provision the school will consider a range of sources, which may include, but is not limited to:

- Views of the pupil
- Views of the parent/carer

- Views of the teaching staff
- Assessment and progress data
- Response to support
- Specialist assessment

Graduated Response

The school aims to achieve the core aims of this policy by achieving the following strategic and measurable objectives:

- To follow the graduated approach outlined in the DfE's SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years.
- To monitor the progress of all pupils to aid the earliest possible identification of SEND.

For most children, within school, the class teacher identifies the first indications of need. Concerns can also be raised by parents. In these instances, the class teacher, in consultation with the SENCO and the headteacher, records progress, difficulties and concerns.

Once a pupil with SEND has been identified, the school will employ a graduated approach (Assess/Plan/Do/Review – APDR) to meet the pupil's needs:

Assess

- In identifying a child as needing SEND support the class teacher, working with the SENCO, will carry out a clear analysis of the pupil's needs. This will draw the school's core approach to pupil progress, attainment, and behaviour. The pupil's views and the view of parents and carers will also be sought
- In some cases, outside professionals will be asked to assess the needs of the pupil.

 This will only be done with the consent of the parent or carer.

Plan

- Where it is decided to provide a pupil with SEND support, the parents will be formally notified, An Individual Learning Plan will be written; this will detail the adjustments, interventions and support to be put in place. A clear date for review will also be set.
- All teachers and support staff who work with the pupil will be made aware of their needs, the outcomes sought, the support provided and any teaching strategies or approaches that are required.

- Teachers have a responsibility for pupils with SEND in their class, firstly to ensure 'High quality teaching', with adaptations and personalisation to meet need.
- Parents will be fully aware of the planned support and interventions.

Do

• The class teacher will remain responsible for working with the child daily. Where the interventions involve group or one-to-one teaching away from the main class, they will still retain responsibility for the pupil. They will work closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff involved, to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and how they can be linked to classroom teaching. The SENCO will support the class or subject teacher in the further assessment of the child's particular strengths and weaknesses.

Review

- The effectiveness of the support, adaptations or interventions and their impact on the pupil's progress will be reviewed each term.
- The class teacher working with the SENCO will revise the support considering the pupil's progress and development, deciding on any changes to the support.
- Parents and carers will be given clear information about the impact of the support and interventions provided, enabling them to be involved in planning next steps.

End of Term Assessment

Some pupils with special educational needs will be assessed using the school's standard assessments for their year group. If a pupil is working well below this standard, alternative assessments will be found; this may be from a different year group. In some instances, pupils will not be expected to complete the summative end-of-term assessment. Instead, the teacher will use the Pre-Key Stage 1 or 2 Assessment Standards or the engagement model.

Involving Specialists

At Fairhaven Primary, we will involve a specialist where a pupil continues to make little or no progress or where they continue to work at levels substantially below those expected of pupils of a similar age despite evidence-based SEND support delivered by appropriately trained staff. The pupil's parents will be involved in any decision to involve specialists. The

involvement of specialists and what was discussed or agreed will be recorded and shared with the parents and teaching staff supporting the child in the same way as other SEND support.

- Where assessment indicates that support from specialist services is required, it is important that children and young people receive it as quickly as possible. The Norfolk County Council Local Offer sets out clearly what support is available from different services and how they may be accessed. The local offer can be accessed here: norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer
- Specialist services include, but are not limited to:
 - Educational Psychologists
 - Clinical Psychologists
 - Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)
 - Specialist teachers or support services, including specialist teachers with a mandatory qualification for children with hearing and vision impairment, multi-sensory impairment, or physical disability
 - Speech and Language Therapists
 - Occupational Therapists and Physiotherapists

Individual Learning Plans

All pupils on the SEND register will have a Learning Plan. At Fairhaven CE VA Primary School Learning Plans will:

- be written by class teachers together with pupils and parents. Additional input from the SENCO may be requested
- be sent home to parents, who will be given the opportunity to respond
- be shared by all teaching staff working with the children
- be reviewed at the end of every cycle by the class teacher, pupils, Senco and parents/carers
- follow specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time scaled SMART targets
- recognise the strengths and successes of the child
- be written in child friendly language

Requesting an Education, Health and Care Needs assessment

- Where, despite the school having taken relevant and purposeful action to identify,
 assess and meet the SEND of the child or young person, the child or young person has
 not made expected progress, the school or parents should consider requesting an
 Education, Health and Care needs assessment. To inform its decision the local
 authority will expect to see evidence of the action taken by the school as part of SEND
 support.
- An application can also be made by a parent or outside agency.
- An application does not inevitably lead to an EHCP.

Education Health Care Plan (EHCP)

An EHCP will normally be provided where after a Statutory Assessment, the LA considers the pupil requires provision beyond what the school can offer. An EHCP may state that an alternative educational setting is more appropriate to the pupil's needs.

AN EHCP will include details of learning objectives for the child. These are used to develop targets and establish provision.

Where a pupil has an EHC plan, the local authority must review that plan as a
minimum every twelve months. Schools must co-operate with the local authority in
the review process. The SENCO will organise these reviews and prepare the relevant
documents.

Record Keeping

The school will:

- maintain an accurate and up-to-date register of the pupils with SEND.
- show all the provisions the school makes, which is different or additional to that offered through the school curriculum, on a provision map
- keep individual files for pupils with SEND which include details of agreed support,
 teaching strategies and the involvement of specialist professionals
- a SEND information report will be prepared by the Headteacher and will be published on the school website; it will include all the information outlined in paragraphs 6.79 and 6.83 of the SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years.
- all information will be kept in accordance with the school's Data Protection Policy.

Transfer Arrangements

The SENCO will ensure that all information about children at all stages of concern is transferred to the relevant secondary school. Children with an Education Health Care Plan

may attend an additional transfer session at Acle Academy or their next school, before the whole year group transfer day.

Training

Relevant staff members will keep up to date with any necessary training, which will be provided by the SENCO as well as external agencies, where appropriate. Training will cover both mental and physical needs of pupils with SEND. The training offered will be delivered to ensure equality, diversity, understanding and tolerance.

Promoting Mental Health and Wellbeing

This part of the policy works alongside the school's Social Emotional and Mental Health Policy. The curriculum for PHSE will focus on promoting pupils' resilience, confidence and ability to learn. Classroom management will promote positive behaviour, social development and high self-esteem. The school will also consider whether disruptive behaviour is a manifestation of SEMH needs. The school will focus on work that helps to build self-esteem and self-discipline with the aim of addressing disruptive behaviour. When in-school intervention is not appropriate, referrals and commissioning will be used instead.

Roles and Responsibilities

Governor Body

The governing body strives to secure the necessary provision for children identified as having Special Educational Needs. They will designate an appropriate member of staff to be the SENCO and appoint a designated teacher for LAC. The SENCO will hold Qualified Teacher Status and the National Award for SEN Coordination.

The governors monitor the school's policies and procedures, to review the impact on pupils with SEND, including their mental health and wellbeing. Karl Plane is the governor who has designated responsibility for SEND. The governing body is responsible for monitoring and evaluating the spending of SEND funding.

SENCO

Mrs Stephanie Lake is the SENCO.

The SENCO will be responsible for:

- Working with the relevant governors to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010, regarding reasonable adjustments and access arrangements.
- The day-to-day operation and implementation of the SEND policy.
- Coordinating the specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEND, including those with EHC plans.
- Advising on a graduated approach to providing SEND support.

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- Advising on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively.
- Liaising with parents/carers of pupils with SEND.
- Liaising with Early Years providers, other schools, Educational Psychologists, health and social care professionals, and independent or voluntary bodies, as required.
- Being a key point of contact for external agencies, especially the LA and LA support services.

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- Contribute to training for class teachers and teaching assistants.
- Supporting teachers in the further assessment of a pupil's particular strengths and weaknesses.
- Working with parents, class teachers, teaching assistants and other professionals to ensure there is appropriate provision for children with special educational needs.
- Collecting and collating accurate and relative information that will enable appropriate
 Learning Plans to be written by the Class Teacher in conjunction with the pupil. The
 SENCO will work in an advisory and supportive role in the implementation of
 Individual Learning Plans and ensure that these are reviewed at least termly.
- Promote the use of high-quality teaching (HQT) strategies throughout the school.
- Monitor whether pupils on the SEND register are also Children in Care or in receipt of Pupil Premium.
- Create a termly provision map detailing the intervention groups taking place. End of term targets will be set, and a judgement will be made as to the success of the intervention programmes undertaken.
- Ensure, as far as possible, that pupils with SEND take part in activities run by the school, together with those who do not have SEND.

- Identifying any patterns in the identification of SEND within the school and compare these with national data.
- Review annually The Information Report on SEND provision at Fairhaven CE VA
 Primary School. Parents/Carers will be consulted.

Children in Care (CIC)

At Fairhaven Primary School, the SENCO also has the responsibility for in the care of the local authority or those pupils who have been previously in care and may be adopted or under a special guardianship order.

• The school recognises that pupils who are in the care of the local authority are more likely to have SEND, and it is likely that a significant proportion of them will have an EHC plan.

English as an Additional Language (EAL)

At Fairhaven Primary School, the SENCO has the responsibility for pupils who first language is not English.

- The school recognises that having EAL is not equated to have learning difficulties. At the same time, when pupils with EAL make slow progress, it will not be assumed that their language status is the only reason; they may have SEND.
- The school will look carefully at all aspects of a pupil's performance in different subjects/areas of development to establish whether lack of progress is due to limitations in their command of English or if it may arise from SEND.

Classroom Teachers

Classroom teachers will:

- Support the identification of special educational needs.
- Plan, monitor and review classroom support for pupils with SEND following a
 graduated approach, in collaboration with parents, the SENCO and, where appropriate
 the pupils.

- Setting high expectations for every pupil and aiming to teach them the full curriculum, whatever their prior attainment.
- Planning lessons to address potential areas of difficulty to ensure that there are no barriers to every pupil achieving.
- Discuss learning plans with pupils and capture pupil voice.
- Use de-escalation techniques when necessary.
- Employ a range of High Quality, Adaptive teaching strategies to support pupil learning. Make *reasonable adjustments* when necessary. Implement learning strategies proposed by specialist educational professionals. Have a box of calming / sensory resources in the classroom for use when necessary.
- Be aware of the needs, outcomes sought, and support provided to any pupils with SEND they are working with.
- Understand and implement targeted adjustments, support and/or resources to support vulnerable pupils.
- Implement the provision as set out in a pupil's EHC plan, with the support of the SENCO.
- Keep the SENCO up to date with any changes in behaviour, academic developments and causes of concern.
- Lesson Plans and lesson observations will evidence how class teachers meet Teacher
 Standard 5 Adapt teaching to respond to the strengths and needs of all pupils.

Admission Policy

No pupil will be refused admission to Fairhaven C of E VA Primary School based on his or her special educational need. In line with SEN and Disability legislation, we will make all reasonable adjustments to provide effective educational provision. The Governors will make every effort to accommodate a child's particular needs, working with the LA to improve facilities where necessary.

Funding

The school will allocate the amount of core per-pupil funding and notional SEND budget outlined in the Local Offer from the SEND provision of its pupils. The school apply for additional top-up funding from the Local Offer and Virtual School for specific pupils. If a pupil's provision exceeds £6,000 per year the school will apply for additional Element 3 (top-up) funding from the LA through the submission of an Individual Needs Description

Settings (INDES). Any Element 3 funding received will be used to meet that pupil's provision needs.

Remote Learning

We recognise that some pupils with SEND may not be able to access remote education without adult support and so the school will work with families to deliver a broad and ambitious curriculum. The class teacher will consider whether individual live contact via Google Classroom will be necessary. Physical resources and will be considered and distributed when possible.

Safeguarding

The school recognises that evidence shows children with SEND are at greater risk of abuse and maltreatment and will ensure that staff are aware that pupils with SEND:

- Have the potential to be disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying.
- May face additional risk of abuse online, e.g. from online bullying, grooming and radicalisation.
- Are at greater risk of abuse, including, but not limited to, neglect and sexual violence or harassment.

The school recognises that there are additional barriers to recognises abuse and neglect in this group of students.

The school's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy reflects the fact that these additional barriers can exist when identifying abuse. Care will be taken by all staff, particularly those who work closely with pupils with SEND, to notice any changes behaviour or mood, or any injuries, and these indicators will be investigated by the DSL/SENCO.

Complaints

Where parents have concerns about our school's SEND provision, they should first raise their concerns informally with the class teacher and SENCO. We will try to resolve the complaint informally in the first instance. If this does not resolve their concerns, parents are welcome to submit their complaint formally.

Formal complaints about SEND provision in our school should be made to the headteacher in the first instance. They will be handled in line with the school's complaints policy. If the

parent or carer is not satisfied with the school's response, they can escalate the complaint to the school's governors.

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies and documents:

- Admissions Policy
- Behavioural Policy
- Equal Opportunities Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Complaints Policy
- Data Protection Policy
- Exclusion Policy
- EYFS Policy
- Child in Care Policy
- Remote Learning Policy
- Single Equality Statement
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy